## LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

200 W. Washington, Suite 301 Indianapolis, IN 46204 (317) 233-0696 http://www.in.gov/legislative

## FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 7436 NOTE PREPARED: Apr 14, 2011 BILL NUMBER: SB 460 BILL AMENDED: April 13, 2011

**SUBJECT:** Quality Assessment and Moratorium.

FIRST AUTHOR: Sen. Miller BILL STATUS: CR Adopted - 2<sup>nd</sup> House

FIRST SPONSOR: Rep. T. Brown

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{DEDICATED} \\ \underline{\textbf{X}} & \textbf{FEDERAL} \end{array}$ 

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> (Amended) *Collection of Medicaid Overpayments:* This bill requires and sets forth the procedure for an institutional provider and a noninstitutional provider to reimburse the Office of the Secretary of Family and Social Services (FSSA) for, or appeal a determination of, certain Medicaid overpayments made to the provider. The bill also changes the time frame that a provider has to repay an overpayment from 60 days to 300 days.

Quality Assessment Fee (QAF): The bill extends the collection of a nursing facility Quality Assessment Fee (QAF) with changes to the amount collected and to the distribution of the dollars.

*Moratorium:* The bill extends a moratorium on the certification of new or converted comprehensive care beds for participation in the state Medicaid program until June 30, 2014. The bill provides a limited small house health facility exception to the moratorium on the certification of new or converted comprehensive care beds for participation in the state Medicaid program.

Effective Date: July 1, 2011.

<u>Summary of NET State Impact:</u> Collections of Overpayments: The provisions affecting the collection of Medicaid overpayments should result in increased collections of amounts owed to the state and federal government. The fiscal impact would depend on the extent to which overpayments are made, identified, and subsequently collected. For 2010, OMPP identified a collection rate of approximately 30% and a balance of overpayments of \$28 M.

(Revised) *Moratorium:* Expenditures related to the moratorium for the certification of nursing facility beds would be anticipated to be negligible for the ISDH. The moratorium on certification would be anticipated to have a negligible impact on Medicaid long-term care cost in the short run.

QAF: Extending the authorization for the collection of the QAF and maximizing the amount to be collected from July 31, 2011, to June 30, 2014, would authorize an estimated annual collection of about \$144.4 M for each of FY 2012, FY 2013, and FY 2014. Extension of the QAF would allow for the state to continue receiving \$19.6 M in funding to be used for the Medicaid Program. The provision allowing for the maximization of the amount the QAF collects and the change in the distribution of funds will result in additional state dollars for Medicaid of \$11.6 M for FY 2012, and \$18.5 M for each of FY 2013 and FY 2014.

Explanation of State Expenditures: Collection of Medicaid Overpayments: The bill requires a provider that is not a health facility or an ICF/MR facility that has received a notice from the Office of Medicaid Policy and Planning (OMPP) that an overpayment has occurred, to repay the amount of the overpayment within 300 days of receiving the notice. The provider may request a hearing and any subsequent appeals, but the overpayment must be repaid to the OMPP within 300 days. If it is subsequently determined that the provider was not overpaid, OMPP is required to return the amount of any overpayment with interest calculated from the date it was received by OMPP. The bill also establishes a procedure for overpayments to be recouped through an adjusted rate if the provider is a health facility or an ICF/MR facility.

OMPP reported that the current hearing and appeal process can delay the collection of overpayments for years. OMPP has reported that the overpayment balance is in excess of \$28 M and that the collection rate for all identified overpayments is less than 30%.

Quality Assessment Fee (QAF): This bill would authorize OMPP to apply to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for approval to increase the amount of the QAF to the maximum percentage allowed by federal law and extend the collection of the fee for three years - until June 30, 2014. Medicaid waiver and plan amendments are generally considered to be administrative in nature and achievable within the current level of resources available to the OMPP. OMPP will be required to revise the current assessment methodology and the distribution of the collections. The ultimate QAF collections would depend on federal actions. [See Explanation of State Revenues: below for estimated revenues.] Should federal financial participation become unavailable to provide for the additional reimbursement, the bill provides that OMPP will cease to collect the QAF. The bill specifies that any increase in reimbursement due to maximizing the QAF is to be exclusively used for initiatives to promote and enhance improvements in quality of care for nursing facility residents.

The bill requires OMPP to notify the Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) if any facility has failed to pay the QAF more that 120 days after the payment is due. The ISDH is required to notify the facility that the facility's license will be revoked if the QAF is not paid. This sanction provision is in place currently for the QAF.

Distribution of QAF expenditures: The <u>current</u> statute requires that 80% of the QAF collected must be used to leverage federal Medicaid matching funds to increase nursing facility reimbursement targeting specific uses. The remaining 20% of the estimated QAF must be used to offset Medicaid costs incurred by the state.

This bill would require the following percentage distributions of the QAF collections for three years.

Designated Purpose	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Nursing Facilities Services	68.0 %	68.0 %	72.2 %
Aged and Disabled Waiver Services	1.4 %	1.4 %	1.4 %
Other Medicaid Services	17.6 %	20.0 %	20.0 %
State Administrative Share for Federal Health Care Reform	4.0 %	6.4 %	6.4 %
To Pay Prior-Year Nursing Facility Expenditures	9.0 %	4.2 %	

If the maximized QAF results in annual collections of \$144.4 M, the amounts shown below would be available to leverage federal funds for the designated purposes.

Designated Purpose		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Nursing Facilities Services		\$ 98.2 M	\$ 98.2 M	\$104.3 M
Aged and Disabled Waiver Services	\$ 2.0 M	\$ 2.0 M	\$ 2.0 M	
Other Medicaid Services		\$ 25.4 M	\$ 28.9 M	\$ 28.9 M
State Administrative Share for Federal Health Care Reform		\$ 5.8 M	\$ 9.2 M	\$ 9.2 M
To Pay Prior-Year Nursing Facility Expenditures		\$ 13.0 M	\$ 6.1 M	
	Total	\$ 144.4 M	\$ 144.4 M	\$ 144.4 M

(Revised) *Nursing Facility Bed Medicaid Certification Moratorium*: The bill further extends the existing moratorium on certification of new nursing facility beds for participation in the Medicaid program until June 30, 2014. The bill would provide exceptions for up to 100 beds annually located within a small house facility [an innovative and unique approach to the delivery of comprehensive care containing no more than 12 beds]. This provision does not apply to the conversion of hospital acute care beds to Medicare/Medicaid certified comprehensive care beds.

The State Department of Health has reported in the past that extending the administration of a moratorium on the certification of new nursing facility beds would have a negligible fiscal impact. The Department would likely reject applications for Medicaid or Medicare certifications for affected facilities until the expiration of the moratorium on June 30, 2014. Since Medicaid allowable fixed cost is distributed on the basis of licensed bed capacity, a moratorium on the number of certified beds would be expected to result in minimal savings to the Medicaid program. This should continue to be the case until the demand for certified beds would increase towards the capped level. (Kaiser Foundation identified 2009 certified nursing facility occupancy in Indiana was 80.8% in 495 facilities.)

**Explanation of State Revenues:** *Extension of the QAF:* Extending the authorization for the collection of the QAF and maximizing the amount to be collected from July 31, 2011, to June 30, 2014 would authorize an estimated annual collection of about \$144.4 M for each of FY 2012, FY 2013, and FY 2014 if nursing facility days remain constant. The total annual collections and the state share of the collections from both provisions are as follows.

		State Benefit From				
Fiscal Year	Total QAF Collections	Extension of QAF	Maximization	Total Collections		
2006	\$ 327.4 M	\$ 62.7 M				
2007	\$ 108.4 M	\$ 21.7 M				
2008	\$ 103.4 M	\$ 20.7 M				
2009	\$ 96.5 M	\$ 19.3 M	\$ 14.5 M @	\$ 33.8 M#		
2010	\$ 98.8 M	\$ 19.8 M	\$ 19.8 M @	\$ 39.6 M		
2011*	\$ 98.2 M	\$ 19.6 M	\$ 9.8 M @	\$ 29.4 M#		
2012*	\$ 144.4 M	\$ 19.6 M	\$ 11.6 M	\$ 31.2 M		
2013*	\$ 144.4 M	\$ 19.6 M	\$ 18.5 M	\$ 38.1 M		
2014*	\$144.4 M	\$ 19.6 M	\$ 18.5 M	\$ 38.1 M		
* Estimated; assumes nursing facility days remain constant.						
@ Estimated temporary increase in state share for ARRA stimulus.						
# Temporary increase in state share is for less than a full year.						

<u>Background</u>: In the current model approved by CMS, the amount of the QAF is based on a nursing facility's total annual patient days. Quality assessments of \$10 per non-Medicare patient day are to be collected from nursing facilities with total annual patient days of less than 70,000 days. Facilities with annual patient days equal to or greater than 70,000 days will be assessed \$2.50 per non-Medicare day. Local government-owned nursing facilities will be assessed \$2.50 per non-Medicare patient day, as well. Nursing facilities that are continuing care retirement communities, hospital-based, or owned by the state are exempt from the QAF.

Medicaid is jointly funded by the state and federal governments. The effective state share of program expenditures is approximately 34% for most services. Medicaid medical services are matched by the effective federal match rate (FMAP) in Indiana at approximately 66%. Administrative expenditures with certain exceptions are matched at the federal rate of 50%. Federal ARRA provides that enhanced Medicaid stimulus funding will be available to the state until December 31, 2010. An amendment to the ARRA subsequently extended phased-down stimulus funding until June 30, 2011.

<u>Explanation of Local Expenditures:</u> See *Explanation of State Revenues*, above, as it relates to municipally owned or county-owned nursing facilities or health facilities.

**Explanation of Local Revenues:** See *Explanation of State Expenditures*, above, as it relates to Health and Hospital Corporation of Marion County, municipally owned or county-owned nursing facilities, or health facilities.

State Agencies Affected: OMPP, ISDH.

<u>Local Agencies Affected:</u> Health and Hospital Corporation of Marion County owned, Municipally owned, or county-owned nursing facilities or health facilities.

<u>Information Sources:</u> Family and Social Services Administration, OMPP.

Fiscal Analyst: Kathy Norris, 317-234-1360.